

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

	Eastern District o	f California	CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
United States of America)		DEPUTY CLERK
v.)		
DANIEL VOE DODANI)	Case No. 2:	20-mj-00017-KJN
DANIEL JOE BOBIAN Defendant)		
Detellant	,		
ORDER (OF DETENTION	N PENDING	GTRIAL
1	Part I - Eligibility	for Detention	
Upon the			
Motion of the Government a Motion of the Government o the Court held a detention hearing and found and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.	r Court's own motion that detention is wa	on pursuant to arranted. This	18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), order sets forth the Court's findings of fac
Part II - Findings of	f Fact and Law as	to Presumptio	ns under § 3142(e)
and the community because the following (1) the defendant is charged with (a) a crime of violence, a way \$2332b(g)(5)(B) for which the (c) an offense for which a	ination of condition ing conditions have hone of the following violation of 18 U.S. the a maximum term he maximum term of it maximum term of it is a second of the condition of	s will reasonable been met: Ing crimes descord. § 1591, or an of imprisonment of imprisonment of the control of imprisonment of the control o	oly assure the safety of any other person wribed in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): In offense listed in 18 U.S.C. Int of 10 years or more is prescribed; or sonment or death; or f 10 years or more is prescribed in the
		,,	rolled Substances Import and Export Act 46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this para	graph, or two or most (a) through (c) of	ore State or loca	ore offenses described in subparagraphs al offenses that would have been offenses if a circumstance giving rise to Federal r
(e) any felony that is not o			
***	1		ive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i>
(2) the defendant has previously	been convicted of	a Federal offen	se that is described in 18 U.S.C.
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or loc to Federal jurisdiction had exist		ld have been su	nch an offense if a circumstance giving rise
(3) the offense described in para	-	which the defe	endant has been convicted was
			Federal, State, or local offense; and
			of conviction, or the release of the
defendant from imprisonment, f	for the offense descr	ibed in paragra	ph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven: By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
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AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial

Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of legal status in the United States
Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of alias(es) or false documents
Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	2/5/2020	Two M
		KENDALL J. NEWMAN, United States Magistrate Judge